Clinico-microbial correlation in 95 patients with SPPT / PTLDS.

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Patients and Methods

- Open-label prospective study
- 95 patients with SPPT: persistent polymorphic syndrome after a possible tick-bite), close to PTLDS
- All the patients were followed by only one physician (Dr Muriel Manant-Blanc)
- Two year follow-up: December 2017 to December 2019
- Microbial diagnosis was made with serologies and PCRs (ADNucleis technique, Prof. Michel Franck, Lyon, France)
- A clinical questionnaire was filled by the physician during consultation

Questionnaire. Items with a severity score, graded from 0 (no sign or symptom) to 5 (maximum intensity):

- Asthenia, weight variations
- Fever, chills, hot flushes, alternating hot/cold feeling
- Abdominal pain, digestive transit disorders
- Dyspnea, cough, oedema
- Palpitations
- Joint pain, myalgias, fasciculations,
- Intervertebral dysfunction (first or second degree)
- Cephalalgias, concentration problems
- Neuropathic pain, vertigo, visual disorders, hearing impairment
- Episodes of anger, sadness/depression
- Sleeping disorders, craving for food
- Capillary microcirculation disorders

Intervertebral dysfunction

Osteopathic medicine:

A musculoskeletal disturbance that can be detected with manual palpation and corrected with manipulation

Questionnaire. Other items only noted present or absent:

- Nail mycosis
- Chronic rhinitis/sinusitis
- Thrombocytopenia
- Cardiovascular events
- Cancer
- Erythema migrans
- Red striae, dermographism, cutaneous erythema
- Night sweats

Biological tests

Serologies for:

Babesia, Candida, Ehrlichia, Rickettsia, Bartonella, Coxiella, Francisella, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Chlamydia pneumoniae.

. PCRs:

- Realized by ADNucleis lab in Lyon, France or Espacelab in Geneva, Switzerland.
- Wide spectrum PCRs on samples from venous blood, capillary blood, urine and saliva.

Results

Mean age: 46 years (7 to 75)

Mean duration of the disease: 8 years (1 to 35)

. Mean number of signs or symptoms per patient: 22/35

Mean number of micro-organisms per patient: 2.8 (1 to 7)

Most frequent crypto-infections identified in 95 patients

. Babesia: 39 (41.1%)

. Theileria: 16 (16.8%)

. Candida: 47 (49.5%)

. *Mycoplasma*: 62 (65.3%)

. Borrelia: 29 (30.5%)

. Rickettsia: 24 (25.3%)

Bartonella: 22 (23.2%)

. Ehrlichia: 21 (22.1%)

Less frequent crypto-infections identified in 95 patients

. *Chlamydia*: 6 (6.3%)

Coxiella: 2 (2.1%)

• Anaplasma: 2 (2.1%)

• Francisella: 1 (1.1%)

Neoehrlichia mikurensis: 1 (1.1%)

. CMV: 2 (2.1%)

. West Nile virus: 1 (1.1%)

Mean scores (1)

5 = maximum intensity

•	Asthenia:	4.5	
•	Abdominal pain:	2.9	
	Weight variation:		2.3
•	Hot flushes:	1.9	
•	Alternating hot/cold feeling:	1.9	
•	Oedema:	1.8	
•	Fever:	0.8	

Mean scores (2)

•	Intervertebral dysfunction (first degree):	4.95	
•	Muscular pain:	4.2	
•	Joint pain:		4.1
•	Troubles du transit :	3.4	
•	Dyspnea/cough:	2.9	
•	Intervertebral dysfunction (second degree):	2.7	
•	Palpitations:	1.4	

Mean scores (3)

•	Cephalalgias:	3.9	
•	Concentration problems:		3.7
	Sadness/depression:	3.2	
•	Vertigo:	3	
•	Fasciculations:	2.6	
•	Craving for food:		2.5
	Capillary microcirculation disorders:	2.5	
•	Anger:	2.4	
	Hearing impairment:	2.2	
٠	Visual disorders:		1.8
•	Neuropathic pain:		1.06

Frequency of other signs and symptoms

•	Night sweats:	48 %		
•	Nail mycosis:	48 %		
	Thrombocytopenia:	44 %		
•	Chronic rhinitis/sinusitis:		25	%
•	Red striae, dermographism, erythema:		18	%
•	Cardiovascular events:	10 %		
•	Erythema migrans:	7 %		
	Cancer:	7 %		

Correlation of clinical pattern, involved micro-organism, age of the patient and duration of the syndrome

Statistical analysis by linear least-square regression method

Threshold of significance : p<0.01

Intensity and number of signs and symptoms, correlation with co-infections and the duration

Number of identified micro-organisms (co-infections)

Intensity of signs and symptoms: p<0.0006</p>

Number of signs and symptoms: p<5x10⁻⁵

Duration of the syndrome

Intensity of signs and symptoms: p<5x10⁻⁵
</p>

Number of signs and symptoms: p<0.001</p>

Signs and symptoms

 Correlation with the duration of the syndrome and with a specific micro-organism

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Chills, p<0.01 (Babesia, p<0.0005)</p>
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- Hearing impairment, p<0.01 (Ehrlichia, p<0.001)</p>
- Neuropathic pain, p<0.003 (Borrelia, p<0.001)</p>
- Intervertebral dysfunction (second degree), p<0.0007 (*Theileria*, p<0.002)</p>

Correlation with the duration of the syndrome alone

- Palpitations, p<0.0005
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- Sleeping disorders, p<0.002</p>
- Weight variations, p<0.01</p>

Correlation of the age of the patient with some specific signs or symptoms

- Abdominal pain, p<0.009
 - Younger the patient, higher the pain

- Intervertebral dysfunction (first degree), p<0.003</p>
 - Older the patient, more frequent the dysfunction

Correlation of thermic disorders with some specific micro-organisms

. Fever:

Babesia, p<0.01

. Chills:

Babesia, p<0.0005p<0.01)

(Duration,

Alternating hot/cold feeling:

- Babesia, p<1x10⁻⁸
- Theileria, p<0.03, NS
- Borrelia, p<0.02, NS

. Night sweats:

- Babesia, p< 3x10⁻⁹
- *Theileria*, p<0.008

. Babesia

- Fever, p<0.01
- . Chills, p<0.0005 (Duration, p<0.01)
- Alternating hot/cold feeling, p<1x10⁻⁸ (*Theileria*, p<0.03, Borrelia, p<0.02, NS)</p>
- . Night sweats, $p < 3x10^{-9}$ (*Theileria*, p < 0.008)
- . Dyspnea/cough, p<0.0008
- Vertigo, p<0.0009 (*Mycoplasma*, p<0.002)
- Episodes of anger, p<0.0005 (Borrelia, p< 0.01)
- Fasciculations, p<0.01
- Cephalalgia, p<0.01 (Borrelia, p<0.01)
- . Thrombocytopenia, p<0.01

Mycoplasma

Vertigo, p<0.002

(*Babesia*, p<0.0009)

Borrelia

Erythema migrans, p<1.10⁻⁵

Alternating hot/cold feeling: p<0.02 (Babesia, p<1x10⁻⁸;

Theileria, p<0.03, NS)

. Cephalalgia: p<0.01 (Babesia, p<0.01)

Episodes of anger: p<0.01 (*Babesia*,

p<0.0005)

Visual disorders: p<0.02, NS</p>

Neuropathic pain: p<0.001 (Duration, p<0.003)</p>

Ehrlichia

Hearing impairment, p<0.001 p<0.01)

(Duration,

Theileria

- . Night sweats, p<0.008 (*Babesia*, p< 3x10⁻⁹)
- Alternating hot/cold feeling, p<0.03, NS (Babesia, p<1x10⁻⁸; Borrelia, p<0.02, NS)
- Intervertebral dysfunction (second degree), p<0.002 (Duration, p<0.0007)</p>
- Episodes of sadness/depression, p<0.01 (Duration p<0.004)
- Capillary microcirculation disorders, p<0.0006 (Duration, p<0.007)

Bartonella

 Red striae, dermographism, cutaneous erythema, p<2.5x10⁻⁵

. Chronic sinusitis, p<0.008

Candida

• Craving for food, p<0.007

ConclusionSPPT / PTLDS

 Serologies: interest for some microorganisms

- . PCRs: interest to:
 - Search a wide range of micro-organisms
 - Take samples from several matrices (venous blood, capillary blood, urine and saliva)
- An accurate microbial diagnosis may allow correlations with some signs and symptoms